

# MEMS

(Micro Electro Mechanical Systems)

# for IR & THz Light Control

by  
Hiroshi Toshiyoshi  
Takuya Takahashi

with  
*Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology  
The University of Tokyo*

also with  
*Institute of Industrial Science  
The University of Tokyo*

# Institute of Industrial Science, Univ. of Tokyo

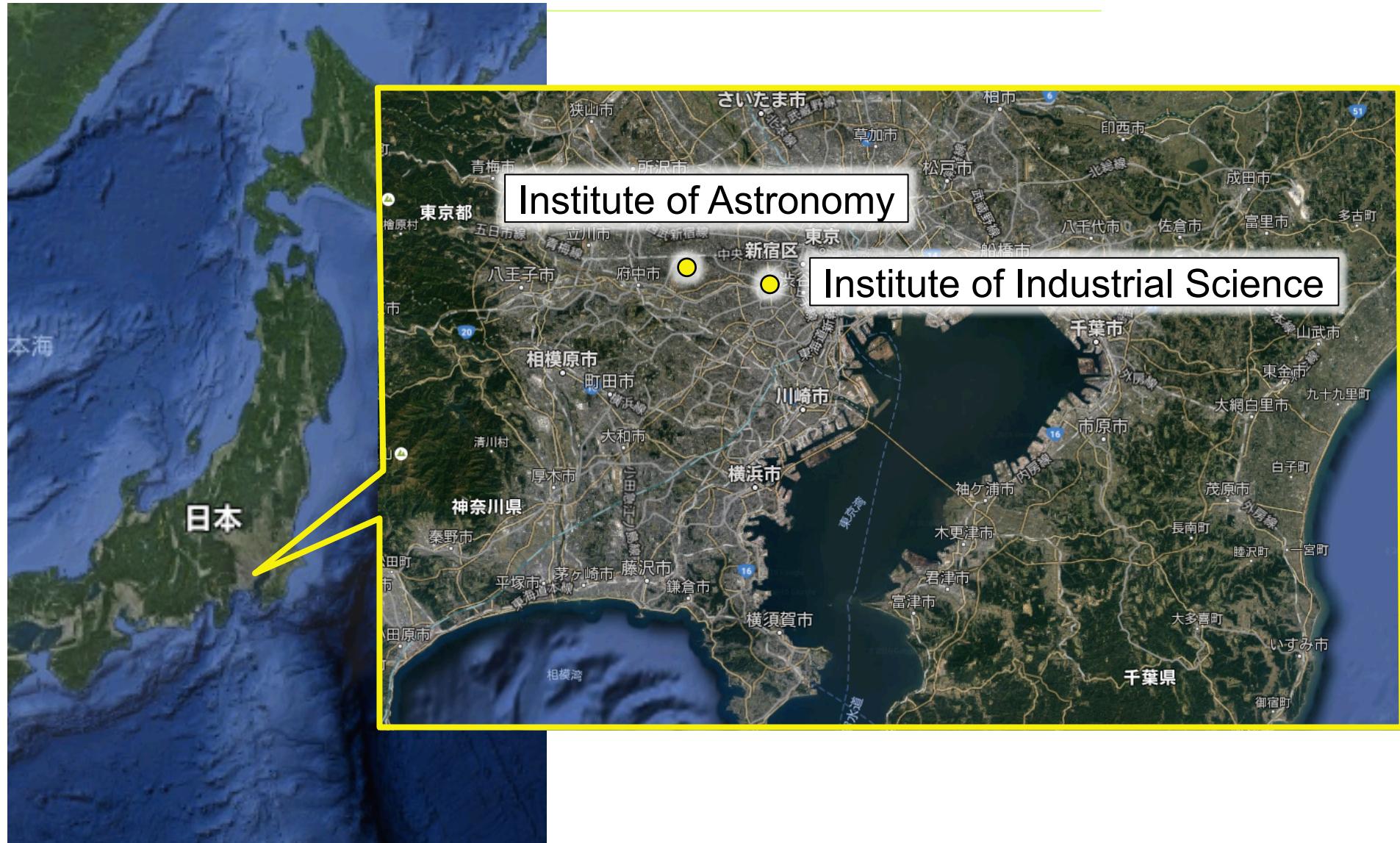
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Built 2001

- Since 1949
- Relocated in Roppongi in 1962
- New Komaba Campus in 2001
- Departments 5
- Centers 6
- Faculty 73
- Assistant 70
- Technical Staff 87
- Administrative Staff 61
- Graduate School Student ~650
- Postdoctoral Fellow ~200
- Annual Budget ~9B JPY
- ...
- The Largest Research Institute (attached to Universities) in Japan

# University of Tokyo & Institute of Industrial Science



# Different Scales ...



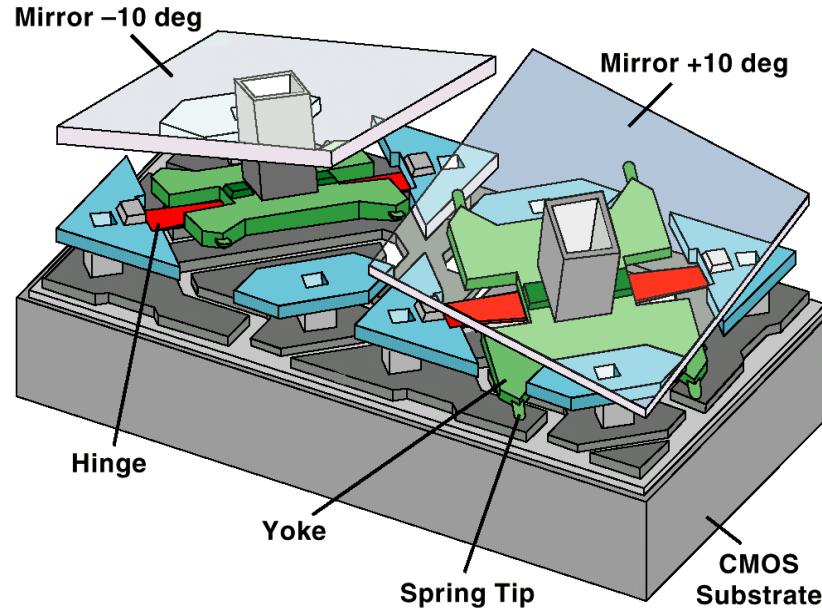
$\phi > 100k$  Light Years



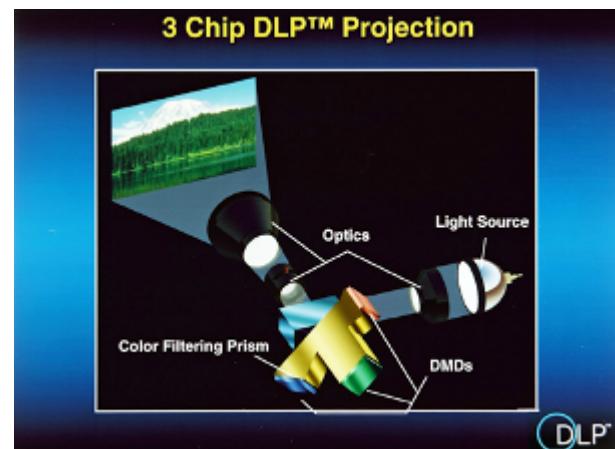
$\phi \sim 100 \mu\text{m}$

# Example of MEMS Actuator: DMD for Image Display

Digital Micro Mirror (DMD), Texas Instruments, US



<http://www.dlp.com/>



<http://www.dlp.com/>



<http://www.dlp.com/>

# Example of MEMS Sensor : Accelerometers



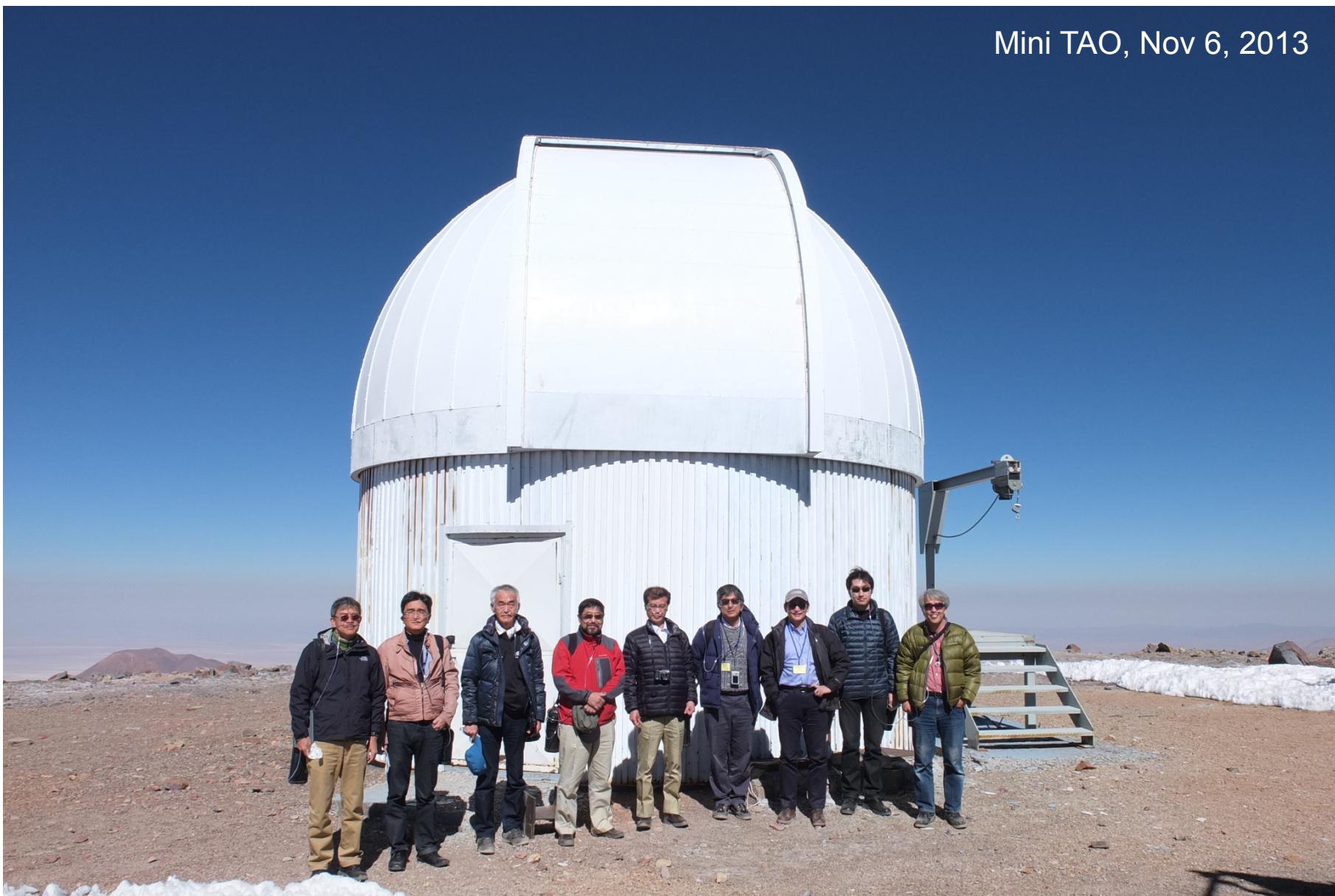
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by  
**Hiroshi Toshiyoshi**

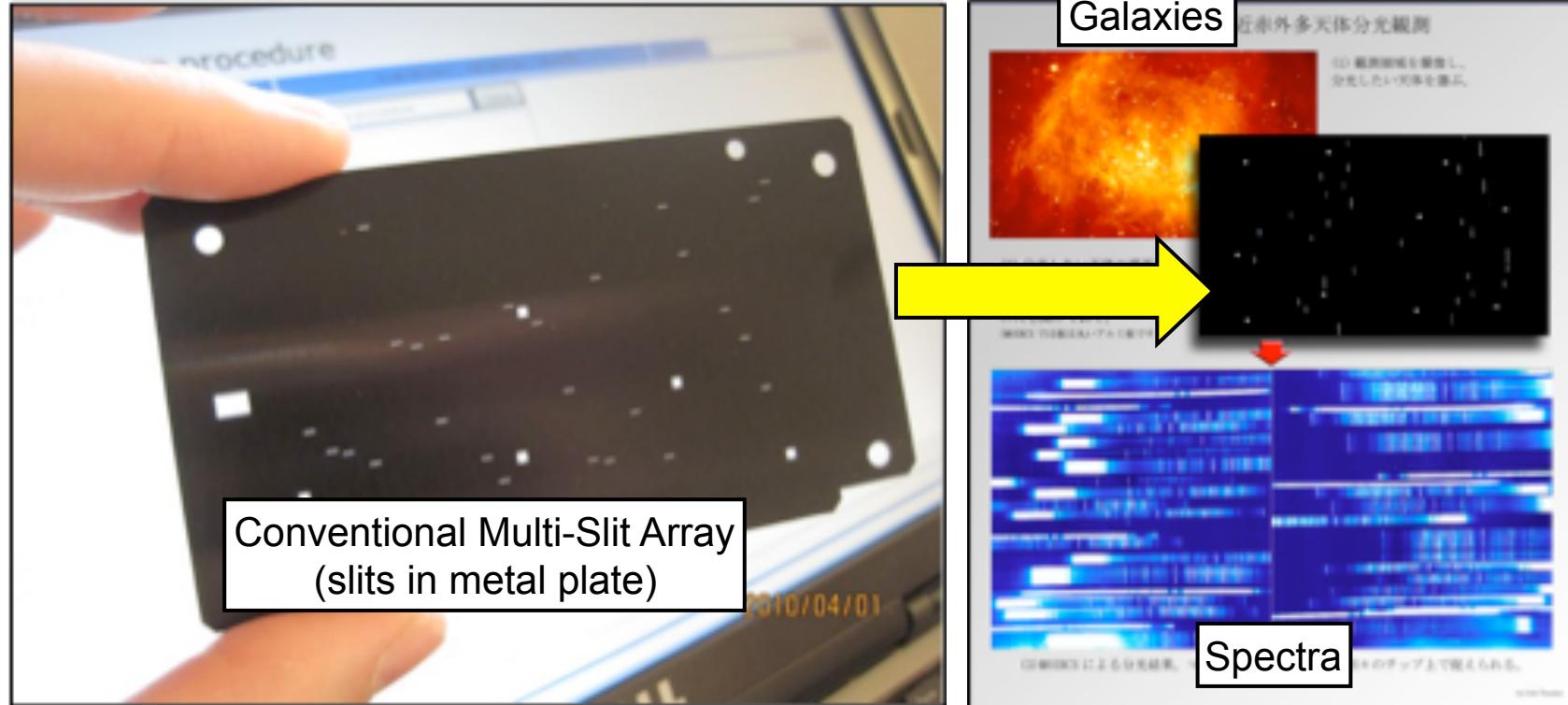
with  
Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology,  
The University of Tokyo

# Univ. Tokyo Atacama Observatory (TAO) in Chile

Mini TAO, Nov 6, 2013

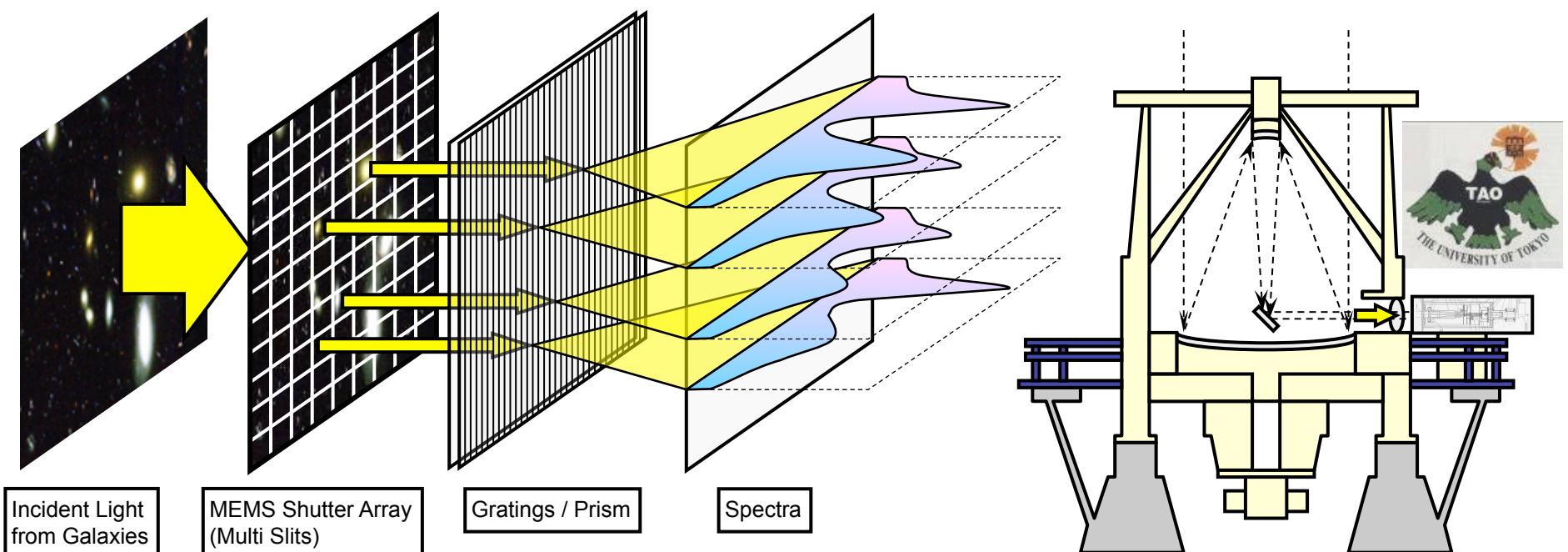
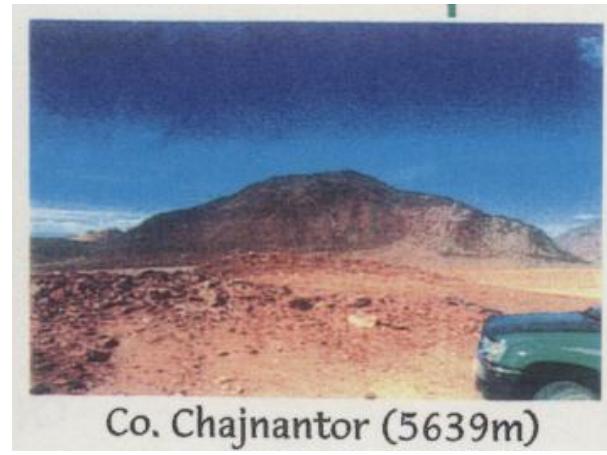
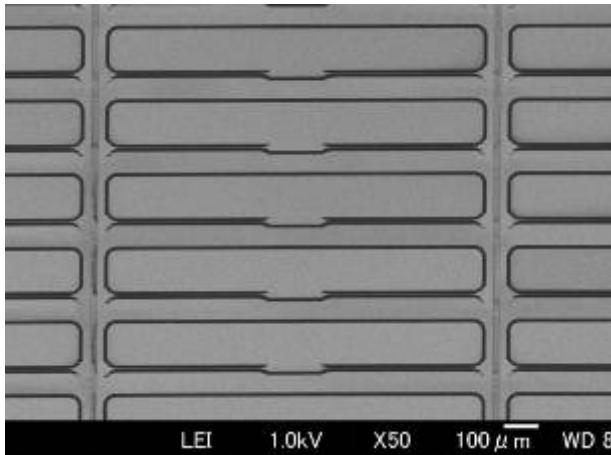


# Conventional Multi-Slit Array



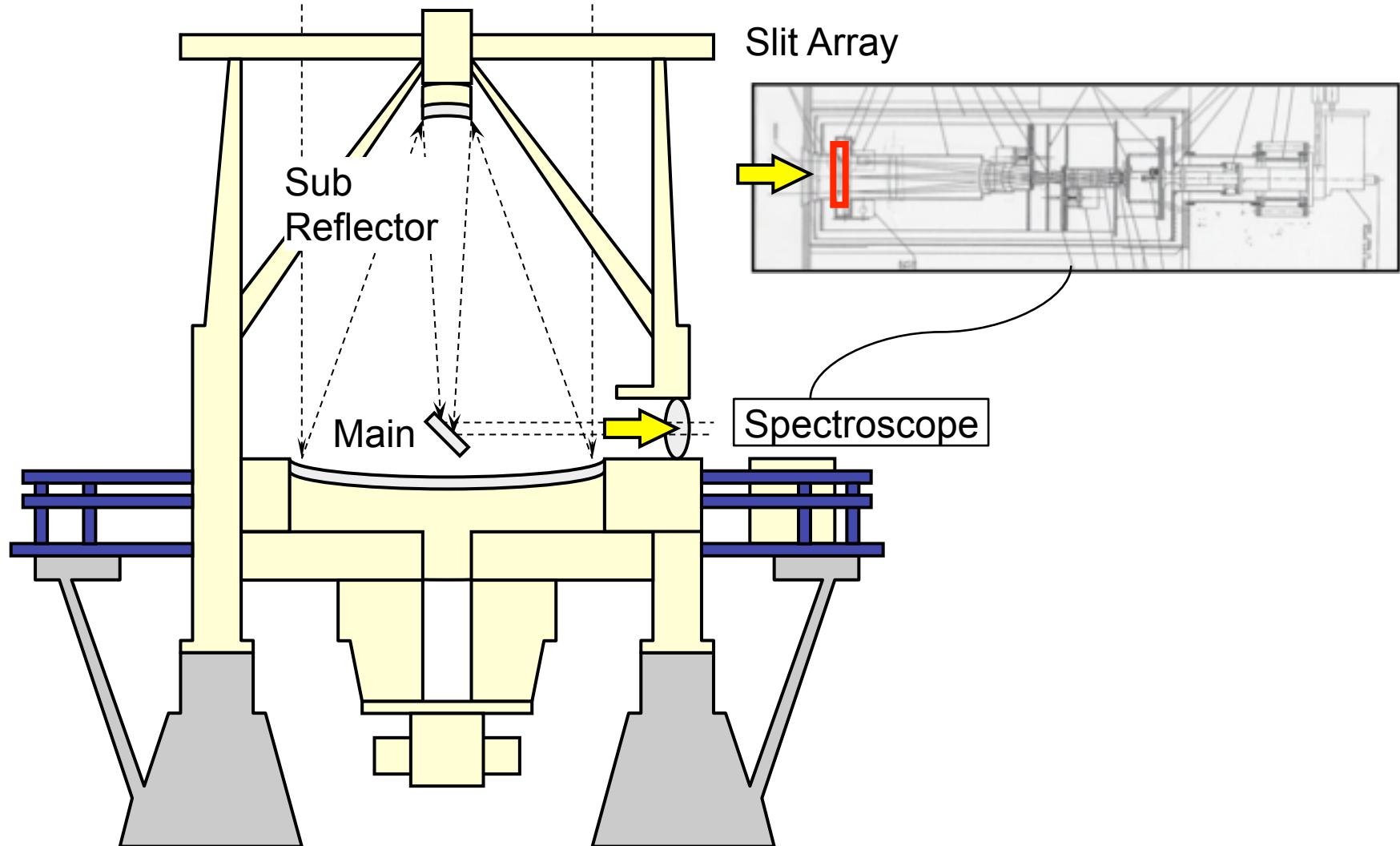
# Multi-Slit Array for Observatory

TAO in Atacama (5639 m)



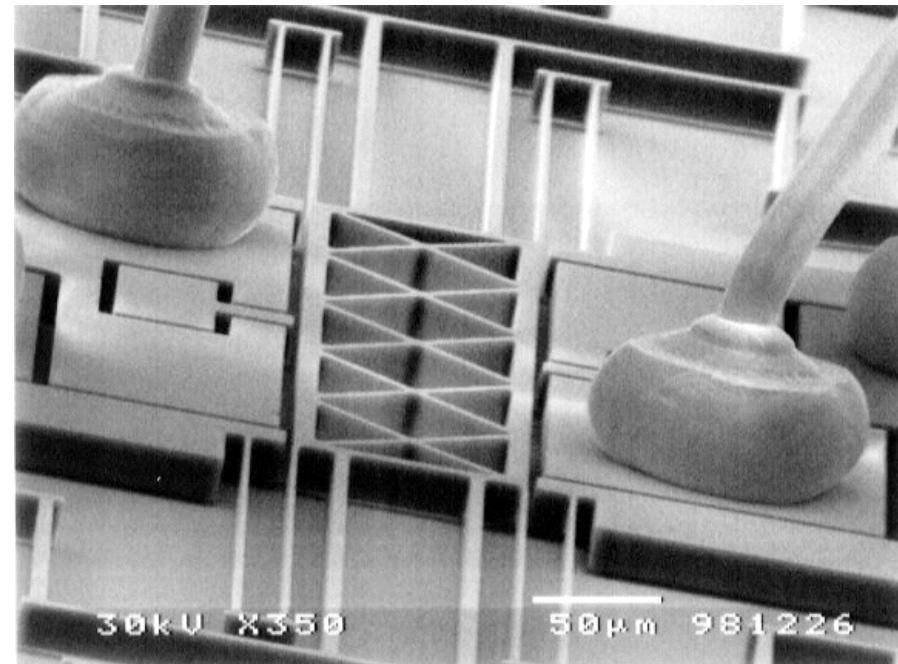
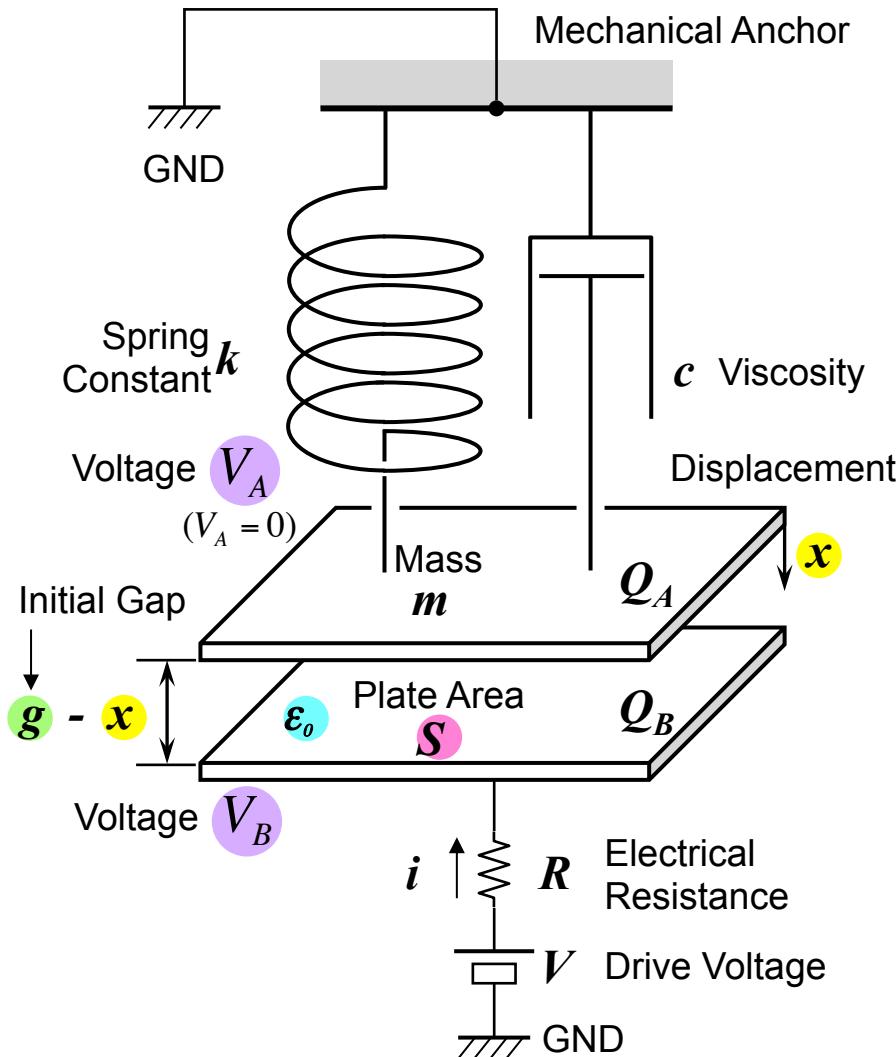
# Multi-Slit Array for Observatory

Must be thin due to the limited volume of space



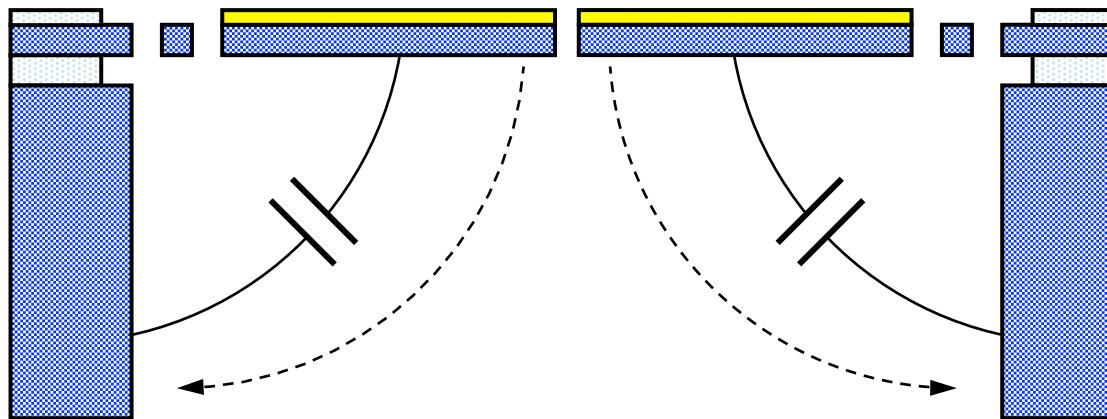
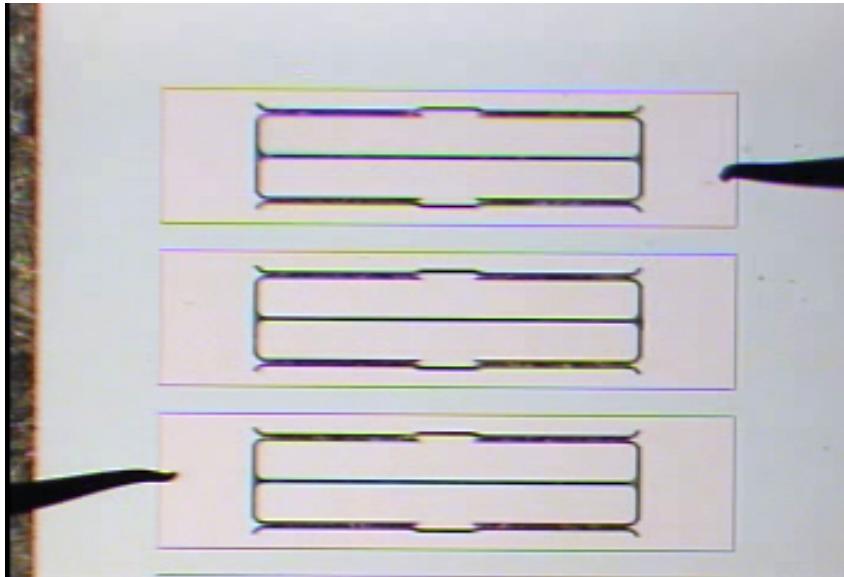
# Electrostatic Actuation Principle

## Electrostatic “Pull-in” Analysis

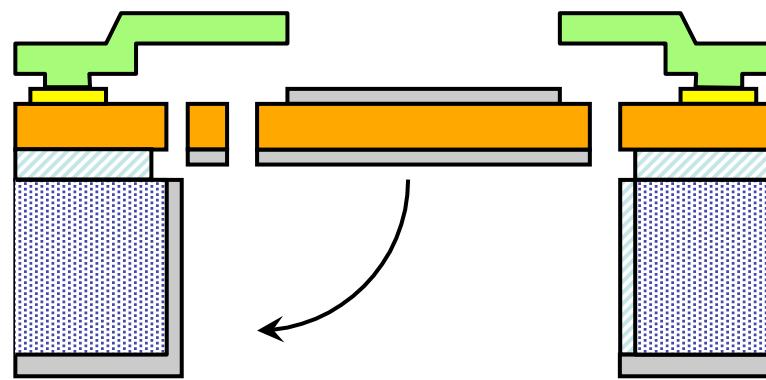
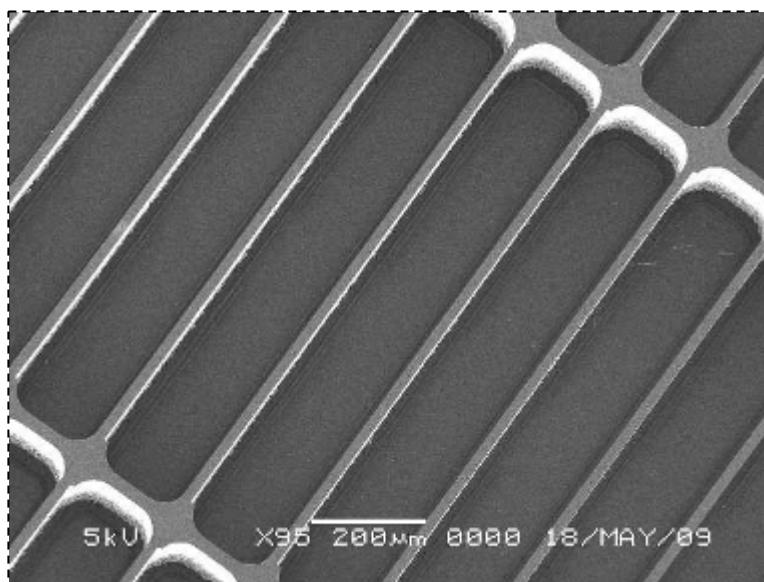
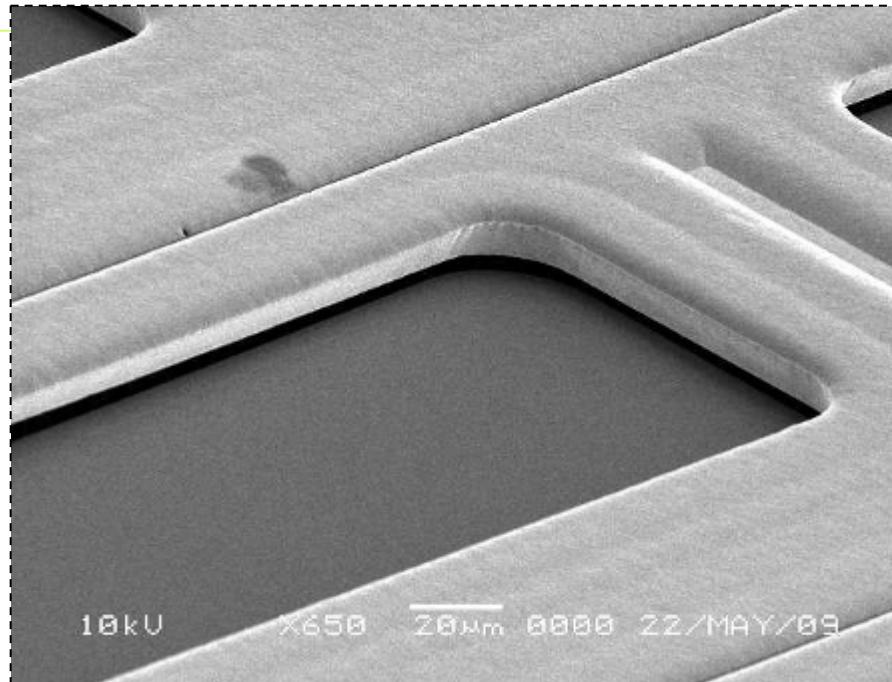
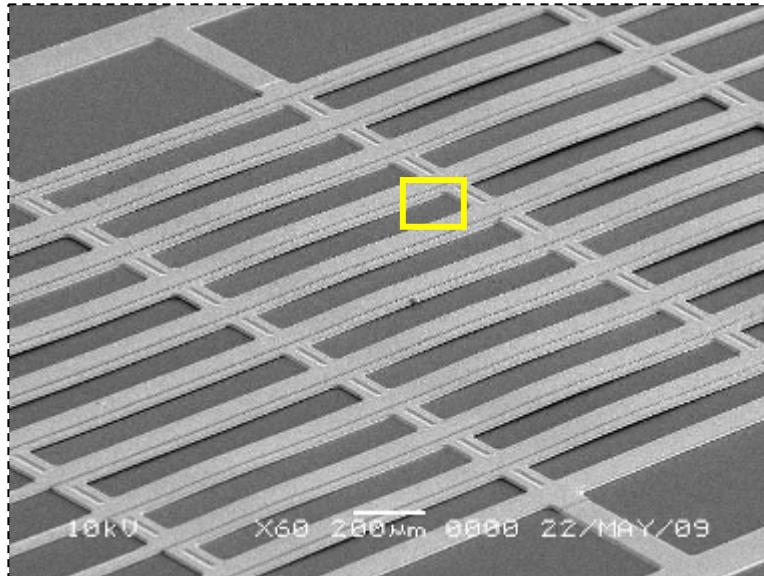


# Optical MEMS Shutter Array at UTokyo

W 100  $\mu\text{m}$  x L 1000  $\mu\text{m}$

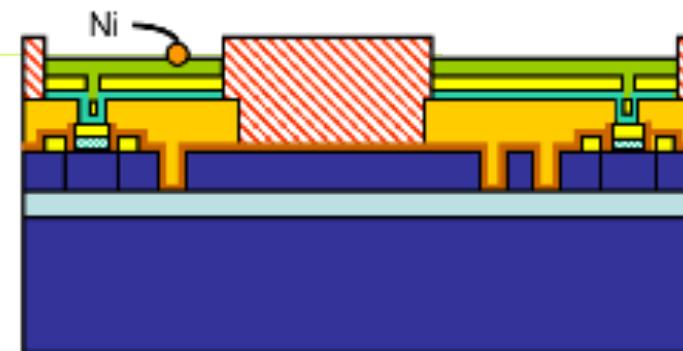
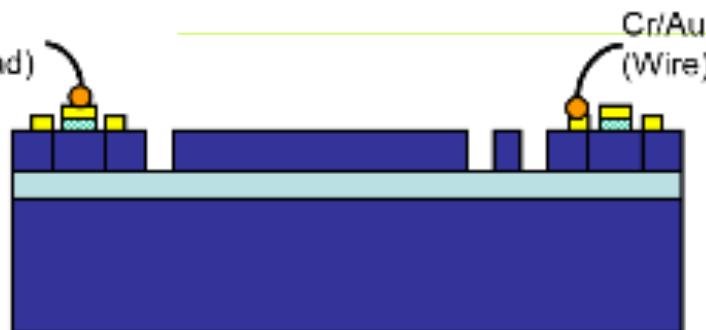


# MEMS Shutter Array with Visors to Block Stray Light

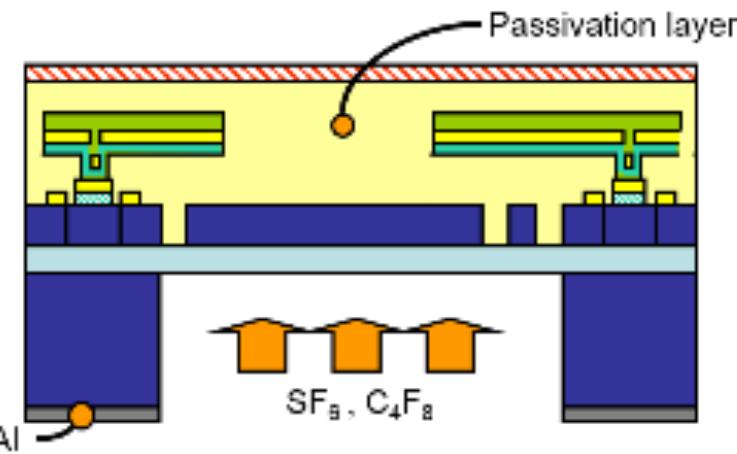
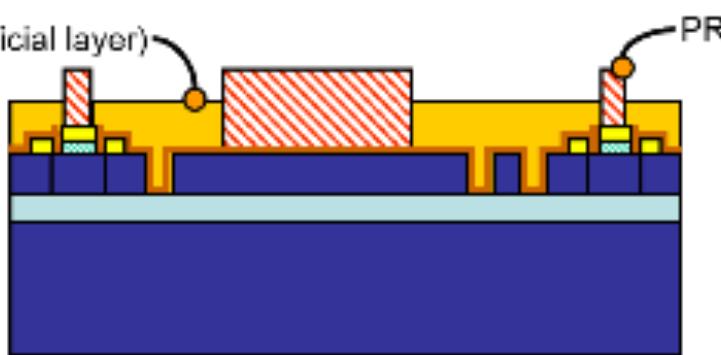


# Micromachining Process for MEMS Shutter Array

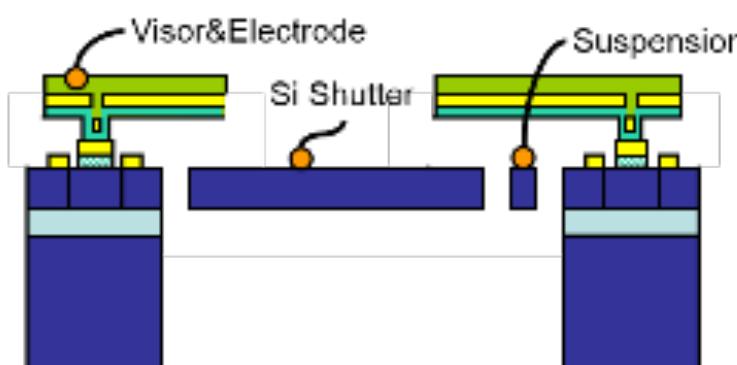
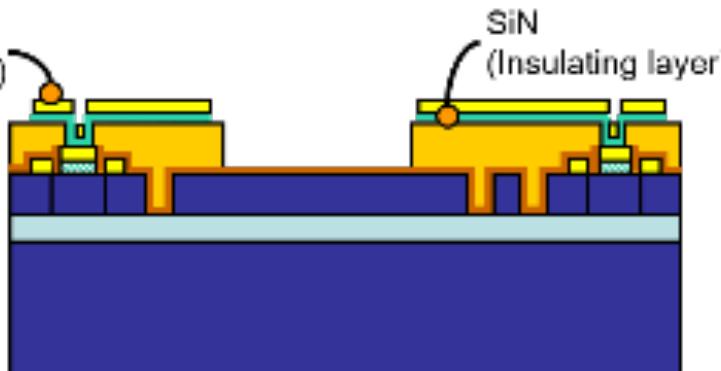
SiN/Cr/Au  
(Anchor pad)



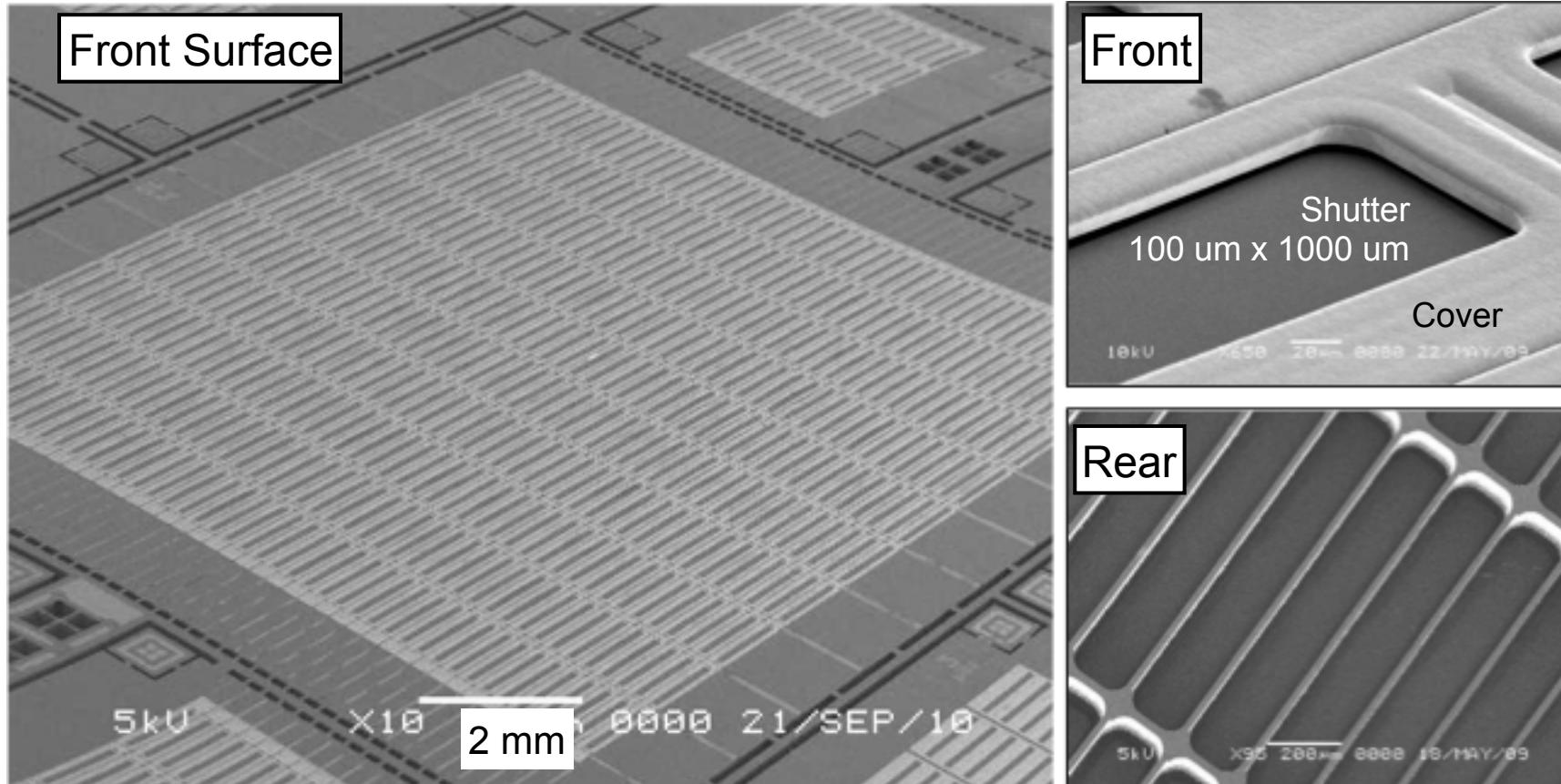
Cu (Sacrificial layer)



Cr/Au  
(Seed layer)

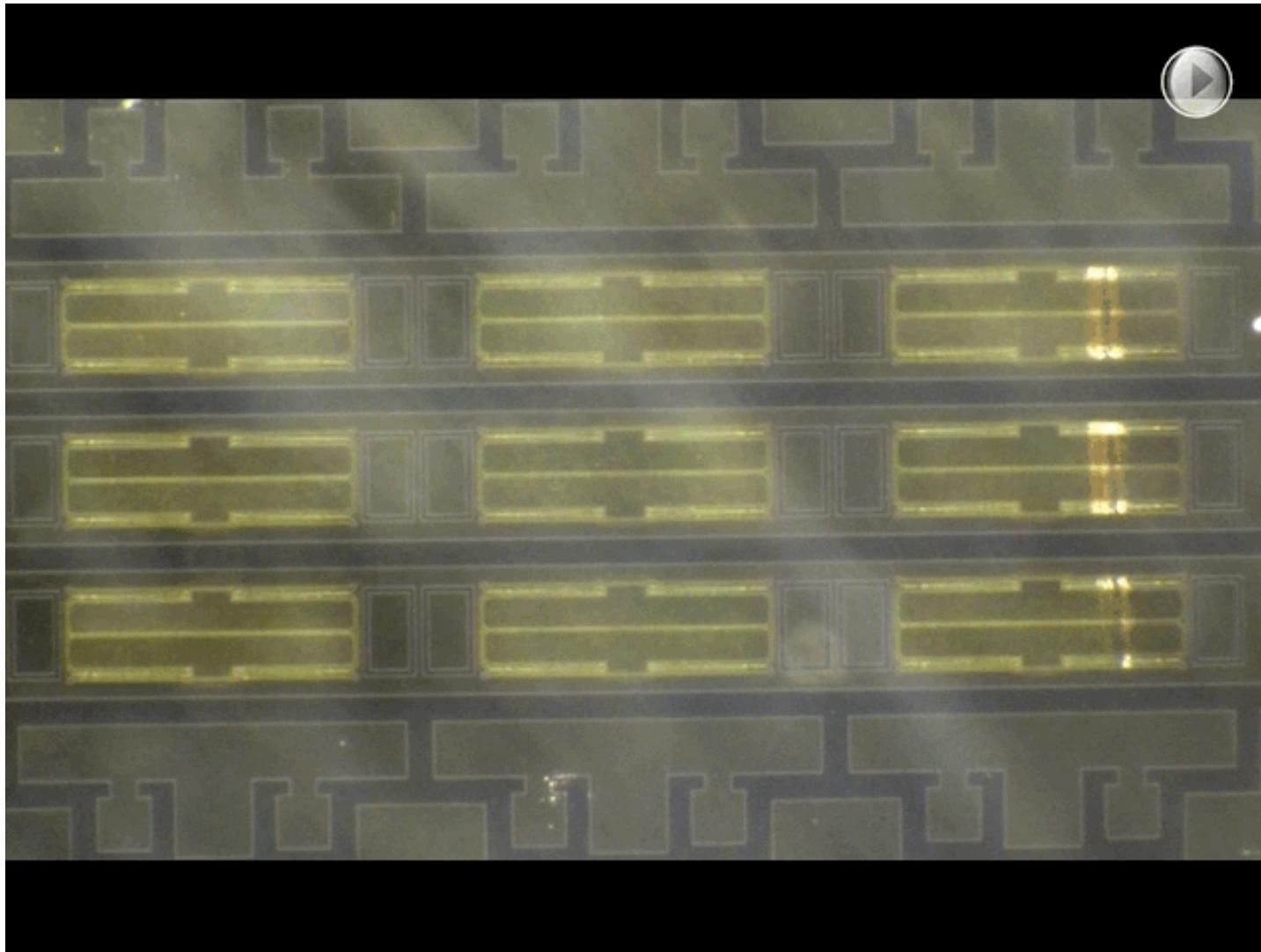


# Optical MEMS Shutter Array (400 Elements)

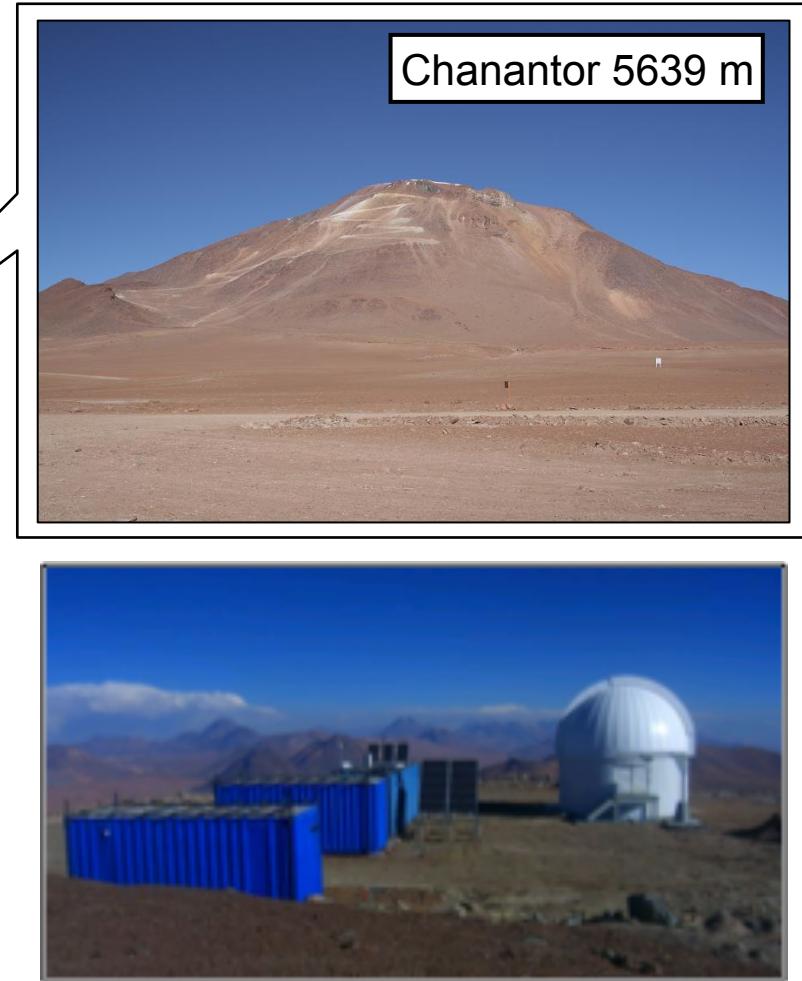
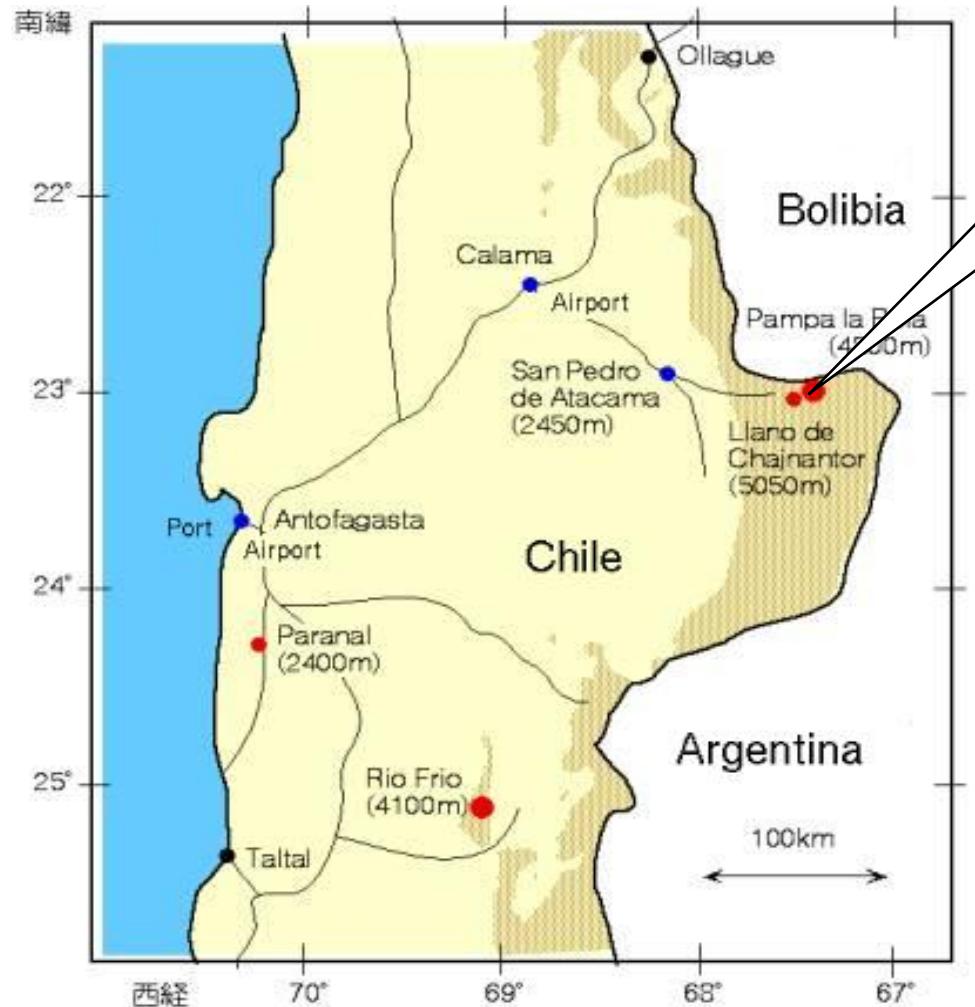


# Electrostatic Shutter Operation (in Vacuum)

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# Univ. Tokyo Atacama Observatory (TAO) in Chile



# MEMS (Micro Electro Mechanical Systems) for IR & THz Light Control

100 GHz – a few THz  
or Millimeter Wave

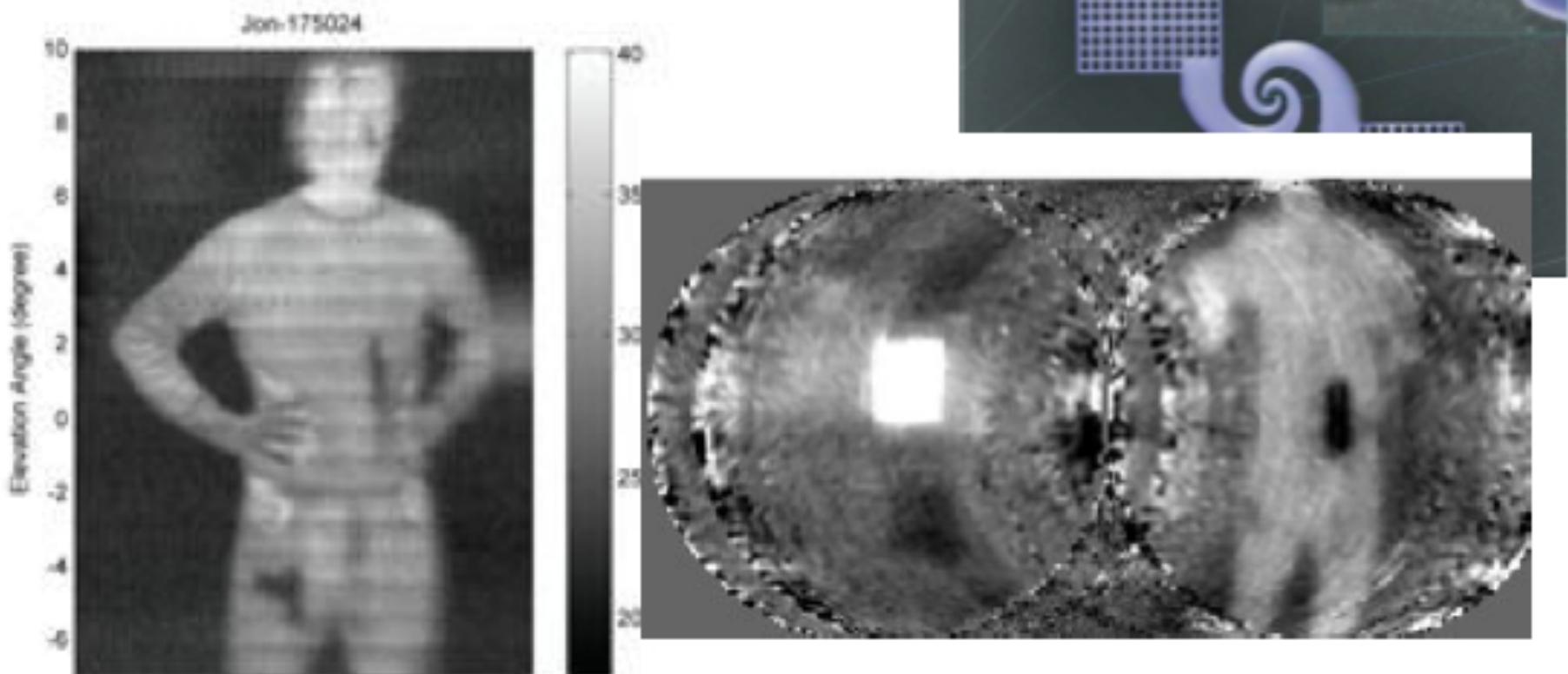
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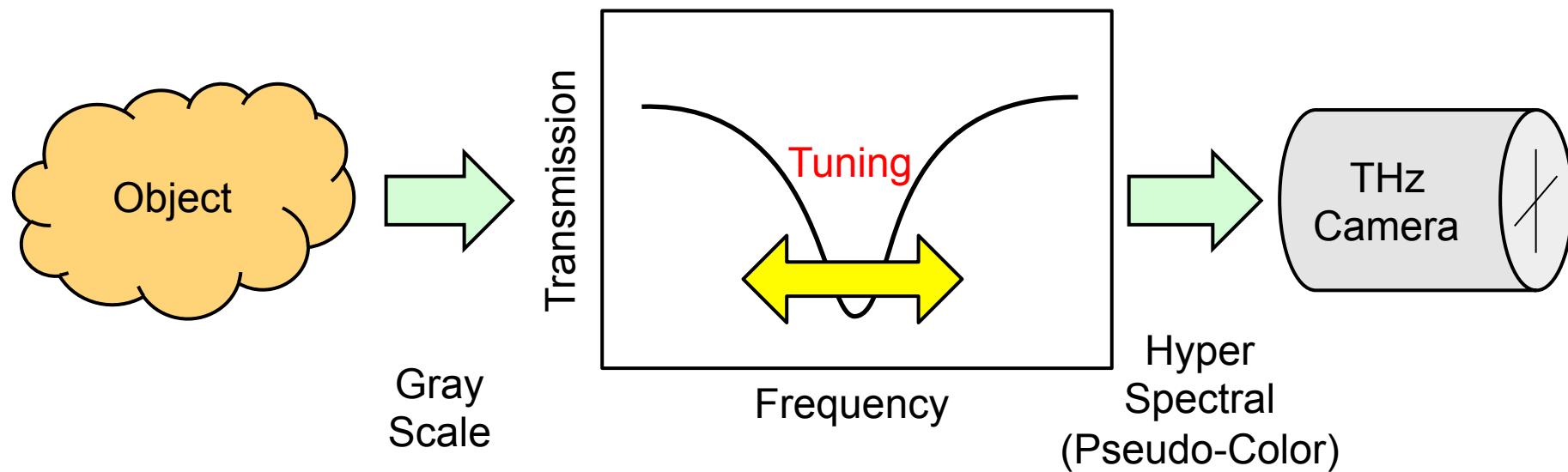
# Making Gray Scale THz Image into Color ?

0.4 THz ~ 0.8 THz

- **4K NbN bolometers at 0.6THz (VTT-NIST)**

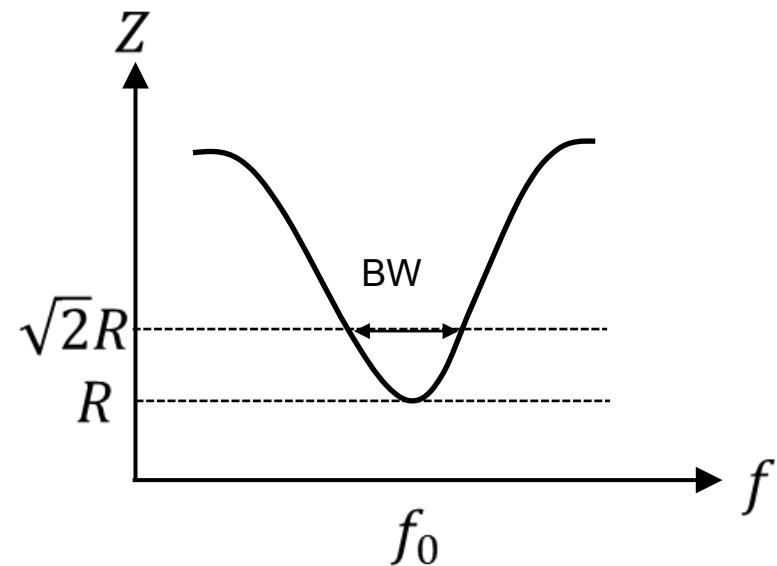
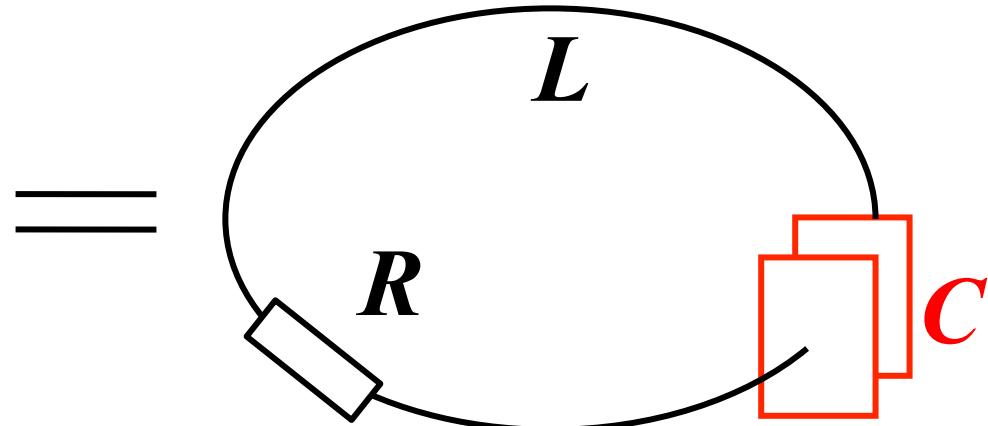
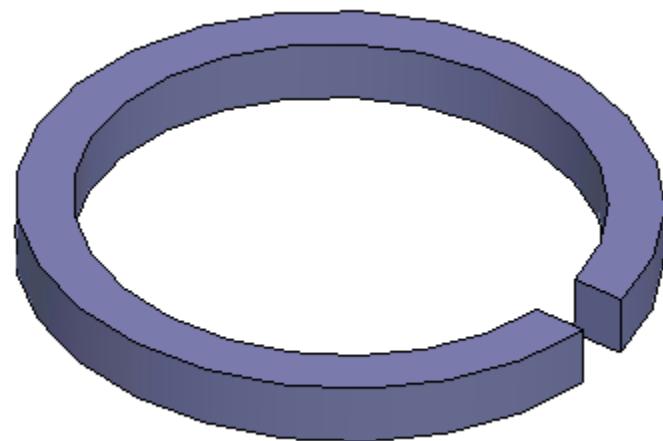


# Hyper-spectral Imaging through Tunable THz Filter



# Tunable THz Filter Principle

## Split Ring Resonator (SRR)

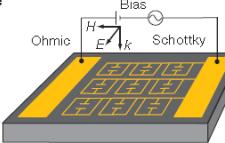
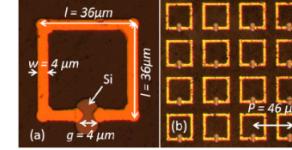
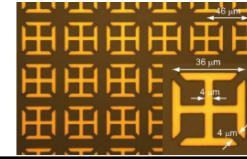
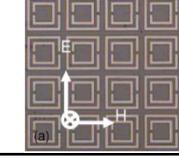
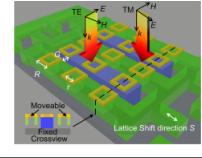
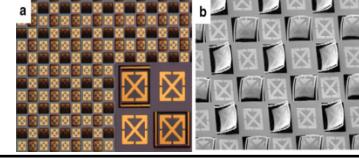
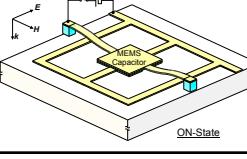


Resonance  $f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$

Q factor

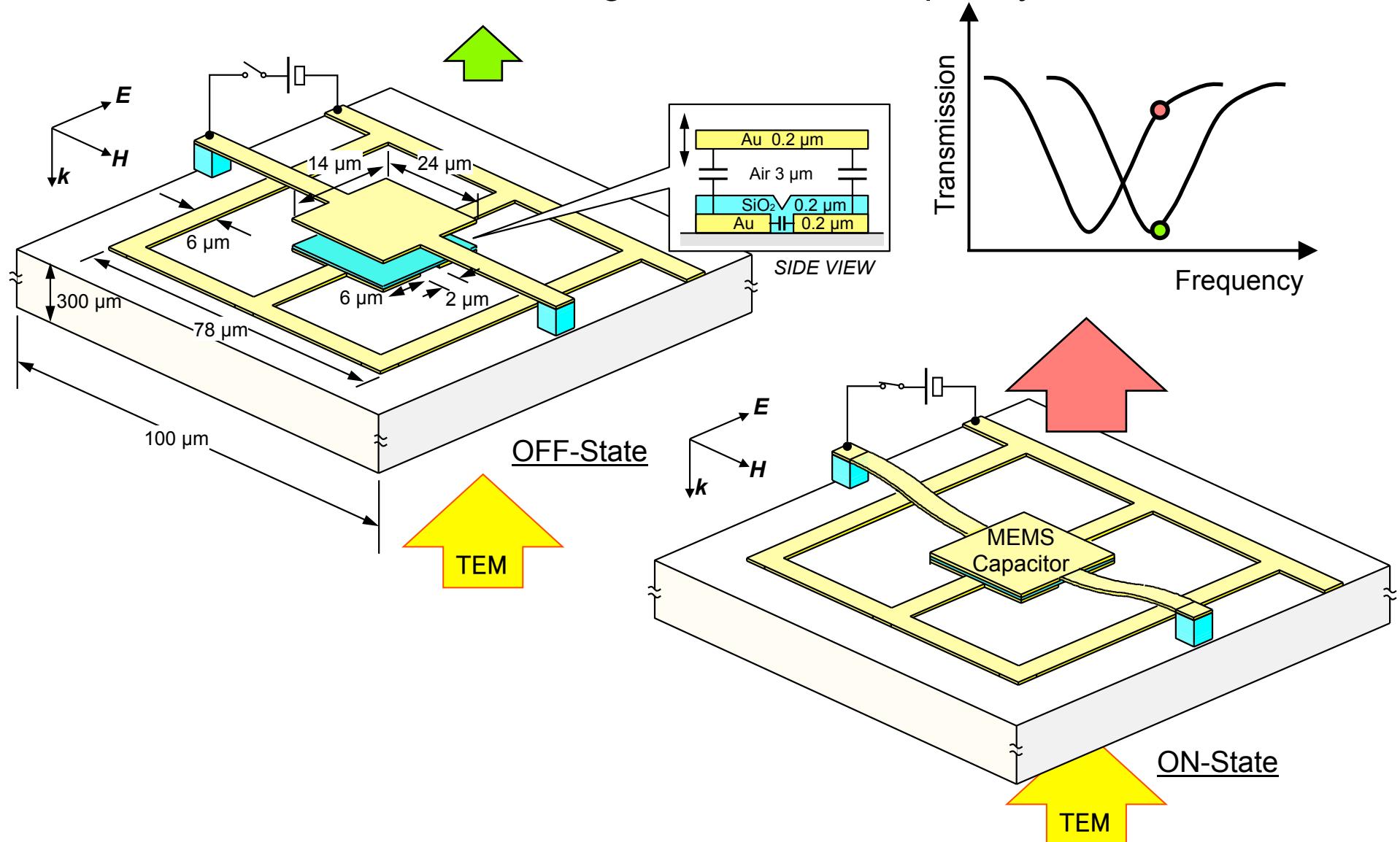
$$Q = \frac{1}{R} \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

# Terahertz Control Methods

| Control                   | Mechanism         | Device  | Reference                             |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Electric Field            | Carrier Density   |    | H.T.Chen, Nature, 2006                |
| Photo Excitation          |                   |    | D.R.Chowdhury, APL, 2011              |
| Temperature               | Permittivity      |    | R.Singh, Opti. Lett., 2011            |
| Magnetic Field            | Metal Properties  |    | B.Jin, Opti. Expr., 2010              |
| Mechanical Displacement   | EM Coupling       |   | W.M.Zhu, APL, 2011                    |
| Mechanical Tilt Angle     | Polarization      |  | H.Tao, Infrared Milli Thz waves, 2011 |
| Reconfiguring SRR Element | Tunable Capacitor |  | This work                             |

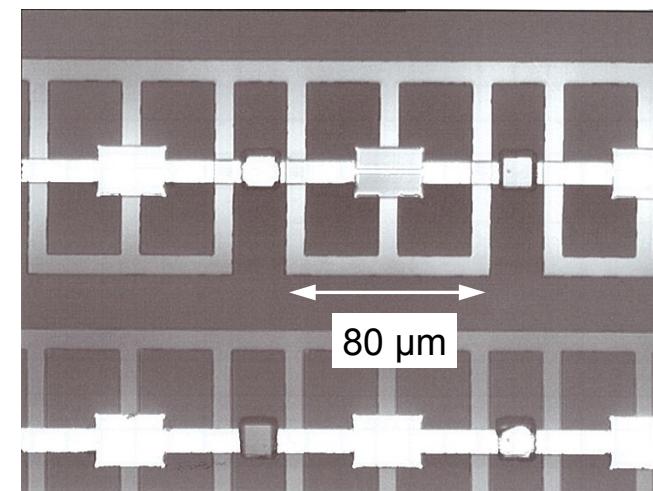
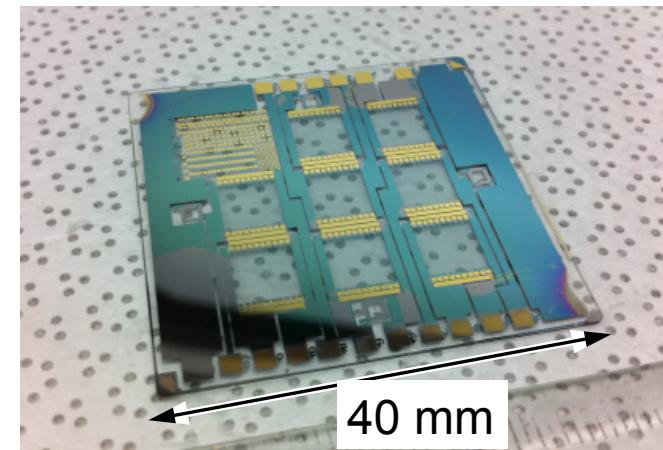
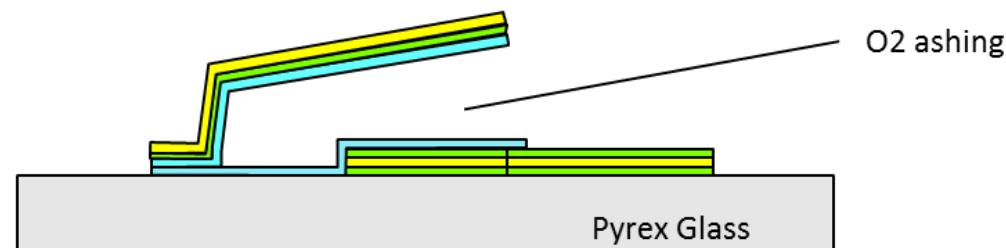
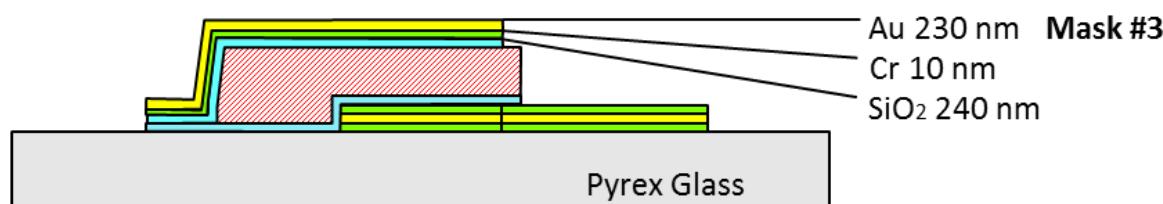
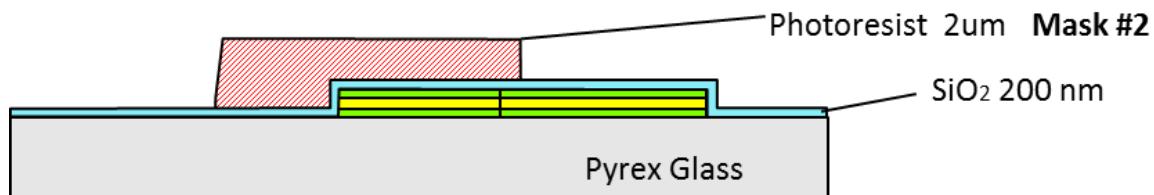
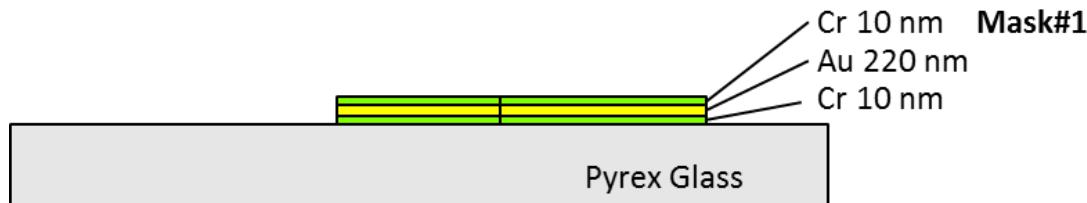
# Tunable Capacitor in Split-Ring Resonator

Tuned C changes Resonant Frequency



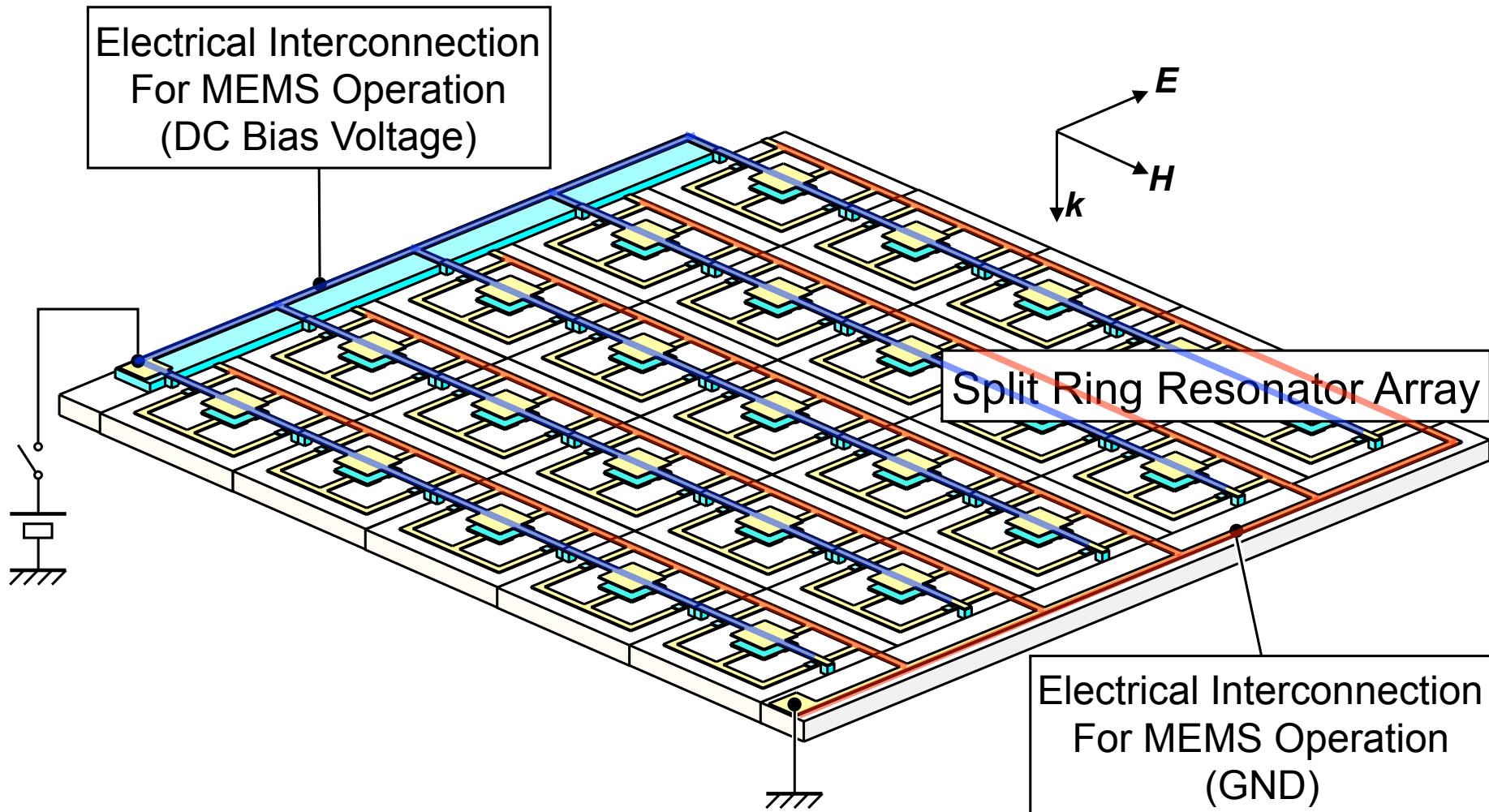
# Surface Micromachining Process

Cr / Au as Structure, Al as Sacrificial Layer



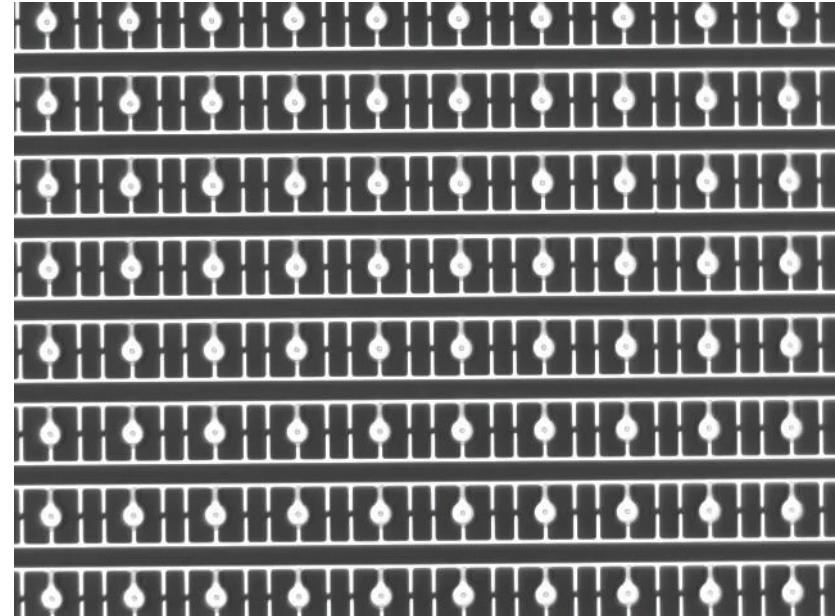
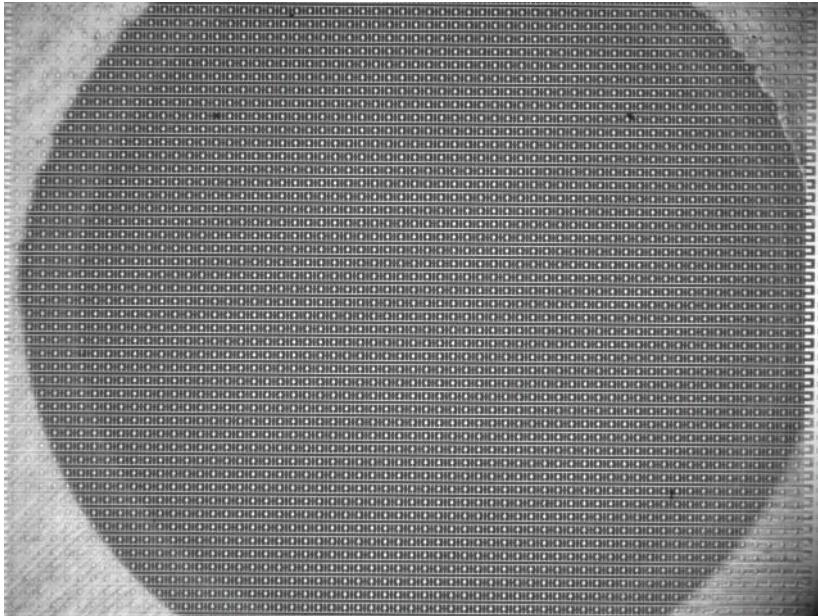
# Electrical Interconnection via Ladder-Chained SRRs

DC / RF Decoupled



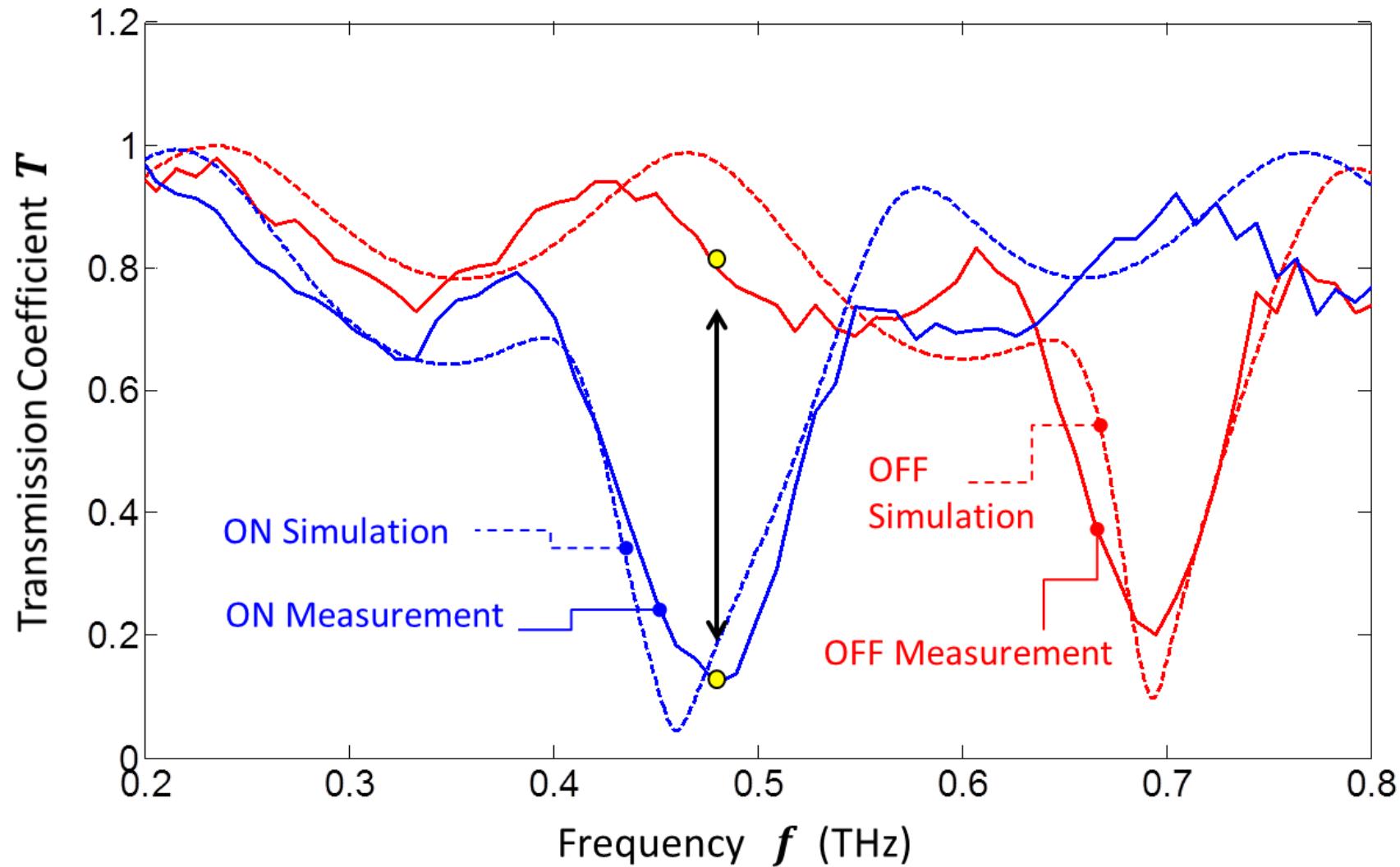
# High-Speed Video Camera

Electrostatic Operation 10 V, a few tens kHz speed



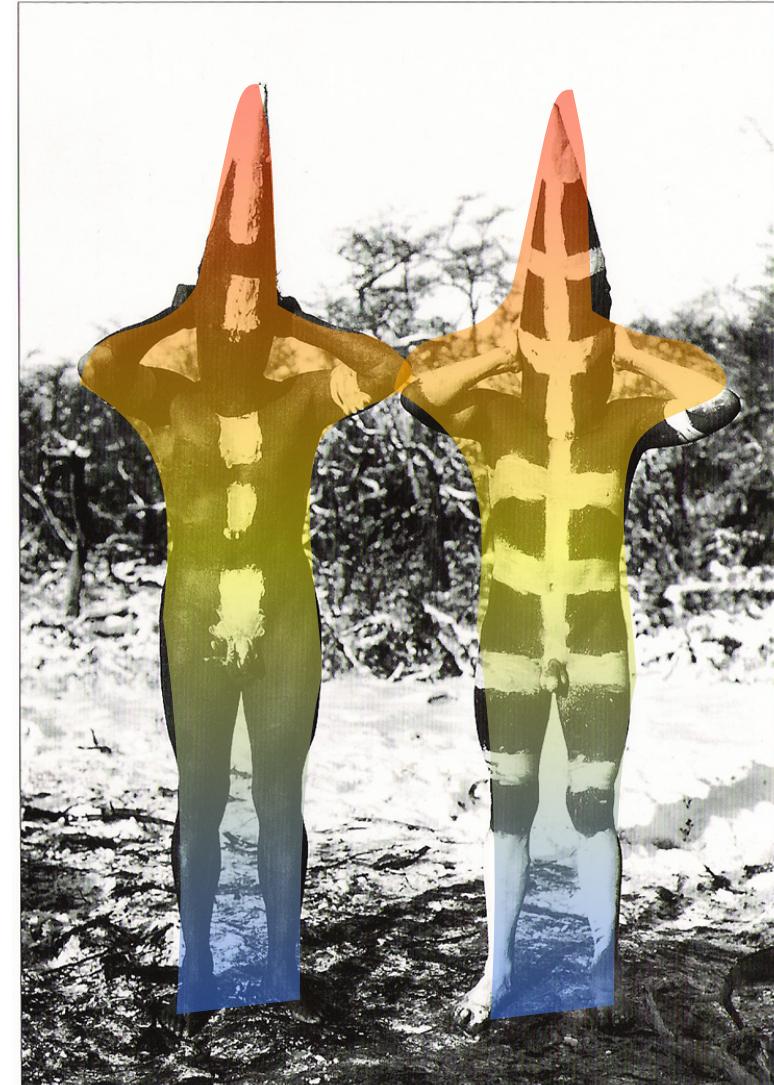
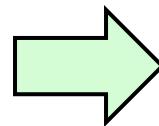
# Transmission Control by MEMS-SRR

Tunable Band-Stop Filter (Transmission) between 0.45 and 0.7 THz



# We will be seeing something like this ...

## Pseudo Hyper-spectral THz Imaging



# Summary

1. MEMS is an enabling technique to play with light due to free-wavelength transparency, large contrast of modulation, and high fidelity in linear response. In particular, electrostatic operation has high compatibility with device integration.
2. MEMS shutter array is under development for potential use as a reconfigurable micro slit array in infrared observatory.
3. MEMS can also be used in tunable THz filter, in particular to make pseudo-color (hyper-spectral) THz imaging.

