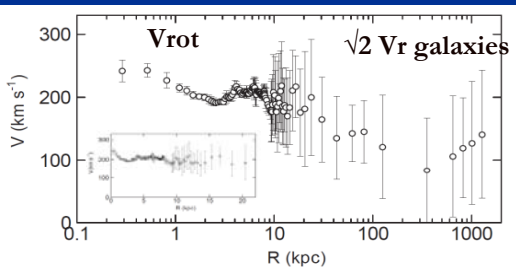


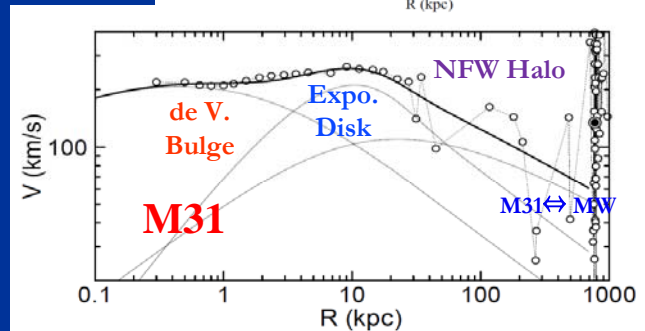
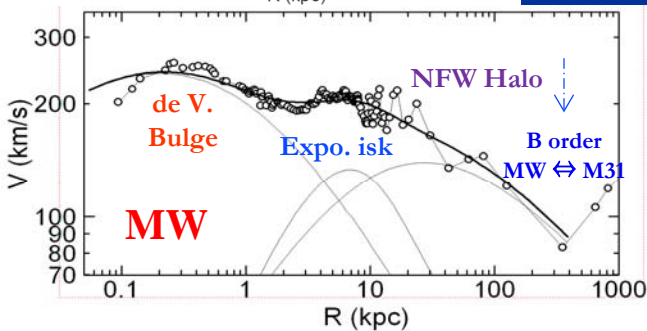
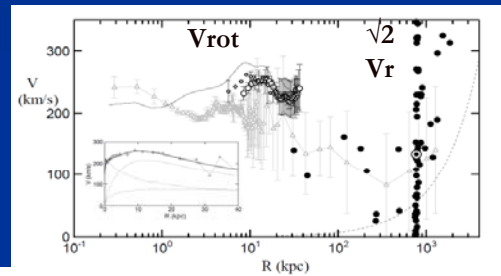
Dark Matter in the Galaxy, M31 and the Local Group

Yoshiaki SOFUE (Meisei-U & U-Tokyo) @ MW-ws Kagoshima 2012.09.06-07

- (1) Grand rotation curves ($R=100\text{pc}$ to 1Mpc) of the Galaxy (MW) and M31 were constructed for $(R_0, V_0)=(8\text{ kpc}, 200\text{km/s})$.
 - (2) Fitting by de Vaucouleurs($e^{-r^{1/4}}$) Bulge, Exponential Disk, and NFW Halo resulted in parameters listed in table.
 - (3) Local DM density at Sun is estimated to be $0.24 \pm 0.03\text{ GeV cm}^{-3}$.
 - (4) Dark halos of MW and M31 are similar, well fitted by NFW profile.
 - (5) Local Group DM is ~ 5 times more massive than DM in the two big galaxy halos.
- (Y.Sofue 2012, PASJ 64; 2013 in prepa.)



GRC
MW \doteq M31



Galactic Parameters

Table 1. Best-fit parameters for the mass components of the Galaxy

Mass component	Mass; Density	Scale Radius
Bulge param.	$M_b = (1.652 \pm 0.083) \times 10^{10} M_\odot$	$a_b = 0.522 \pm 0.037\text{ kpc}$
Disk param.	$M_d = (3.41 \pm 0.41) \times 10^{10} M_\odot$	$a_d = 3.19 \pm 0.35\text{ kpc}$
B+D Mass	$M_{b+d} = (5.06 \pm 0.97) \times 10^{10} M_\odot$	
B/D ratio	$M_b/M_d = 0.48 \pm 0.09$	
DH param.	$\rho_0 = (1.06 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-2} M_\odot \text{pc}^{-3}$ $= 0.403 \pm 0.051\text{ GeV cm}^{-3}$	$h = 12.53 \pm 0.88\text{ kpc}$
Local DM dens. at $R_0 = 8\text{ kpc}$	$\rho_0^\odot = (6.12 \pm 0.80) \times 10^{-3} M_\odot \text{pc}^{-3}$ $= 0.235 \pm 0.030\text{ GeV cm}^{-3}$	
DH Mass[†]	$M_h(R \leq 8\text{kpc}) = (2.71 \pm 0.42) \times 10^{10} M_\odot$ $M_h^*(\leq h) = (5.05 \pm 0.78) \times 10^{10} M_\odot$ $M_h(\leq 20\text{kpc}) = (8.87 \pm 1.37) \times 10^{10} M_\odot$ $M_h(\leq 385\text{kpc}) = (6.52 \pm 1.01) \times 10^{11} M_\odot$	
Galaxy Mass	$M_{b+d+h} = (7.03 \pm 1.01) \times 10^{11} M_\odot$	($R \leq 385\text{ kpc}$)
Baryon Fraction	$M_{b+d}/(M_{b+d+h}) = 0.072 \pm 0.018$	

Galactic Roche Lobes
MW-M31 = Binary
Or
Local Group DM
satellites?

