Kiso Supernova Survey (KISS)

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超新星 = 星の最期の大爆発





SN 2011fe (Ia, Nugent+2011)



できる限り早期(<1日)の発見を



Schawinski+2008 Tominaga+2009_016/07/05,06

KISSプロジェクトの目的

shock breakout = 超新星の爆発の"ほぼ瞬間"をとらえる







KISS Summary (TM+2014)

- \Box Kiso Schmidt telescope + KWFC (4 deg²)
- □ g-band (4700 A)
- □ 3-minute exposure (20-21 mag)
- I-hour cadence
- □ 50-100 deg² / night
- □ 2012/4 2015/9 (3.5 yrs)
- a ~100 nights / year
 - □ 422 nights in total
- spectroscopic follow-up w/ <4m telescopes
 OAO188/KOOLS, Nayuta/LISS, Kanata/HOWPol
- 27 SNe & 1 dwarf nova identified

Searches for Shock Breakouts



Kiso/KWFC

Subaru/Hyper Suprime-Cam

KWFC観測(KISS)でshock breakoutの物理を検証・確立

最遠方の重力崩壊型超新星の観測手段

Tanaka+2016, Tominaga+ in prep.

KISS highlights

Survey Strategy (TM+2014, PASJ) published peculiar radio-loud AGN, KISS14k (Tanaka+2014, ApJL) published



Publ. Astron. Soc. Japan (2014) 66 (6), 114 (1–16) doi: 10.1093/pasi/psu105 Advance Access Publication Date: 2014 December 4



Kiso Supernova Survey (KISS): Survey strategy

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THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL LETTERS, 7933.26 (6pp), 2014 October 1 © 2014. The American Astronomical Society. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S.A.

doi:10.1088/2041-8205/793/2/L26

DISCOVERY OF DRAMATIC OPTICAL VARIABILITY IN SDSS J1100+4421: A PECULIAR RADIO-LOUD NARROW-LINE SEYFERT 1 GALAXY?

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ABSTRACT

We present our discovery of dramatic variability in SDSS J1100+4421 by the high-cadence transient survey Kiso Supernova Survey. The source brightened in the optical by at least a factor of three within about half a day. Spectroscopic observations suggest that this object is likely a narrow-line Seyfert 1 galaxy (NLS1) at z = 0.840, however, with unusually strong narrow emission lines. The estimated black hole mass of $\sim 10^7 M_{\odot}$ implies bolometric nuclear luminosity close to the Eddington limit. SDSS J1100+4421 is also extremely radio-

- Survey Strategy (TM+2014, PASJ) published
- peculiar radio-loud AGN, KISS14k (Tanaka+2014, ApJL) published
- KISS14k OISTER monitoring (TM+) almost ready to submit
- □ Type Ibn SN, KISS14z/SN 2014bk (TM+) in prep.
- □ KISS14k EVN(+VERA) observations (Gabanyi+) in prep.
- □ Early detections of Type Ia SNe (Jiang+) in prep.
- □ peculiar Type IIn SN (Kokubo+) in prep.

KISS Summary

- **ロ 2011**年のシュミットシンポで議論開始
- □ 観測: 2012/4-2015/9 (3.5年)
- □ 解析自動化
 - □ 一次処理、引き算、超新星候補天体検出・チェック
 - ロ "KISS w/ KWFC"以外にも
 - ロ 超新星サーベイ w/ Subaru/HSC
 - □ 重力波電磁波対応天体サーベイ w/ KWFC, HSC (see
 - Masaomi's talk)
 - □ MAXI transient可視光対応天体サーベイ w/ KWFC
 - ロ 超新星サーベイ w/ Tomo-e Gozen (see Nozomu's talk)
- shock breakout candidate: 0

重力波電磁波対応天体フォローアップ観測

- □ 田中くん講演参照
- ロこれまでに2イベント検出
 - □ GW150914: BH-BH merger, 距離410 Mpc
 - □ GW151226: BH-BH merger, 距離440 Mpc
- □ 位置決定精度が悪い





MAXI X-ray sources



Isotropic
Low flux
Soft spectrum
=> X-ray flash? (XRF)



Serino et al. 2014

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PI: Akihiro Suzuki (Kyoto)

GRB	Swift/XRT	Swift/UVOT	Kiso	Other
151205C	No det. (4.7 hr)		No det. (0.6-25 days)	
151212A	Detected (2.4 hr)	No det.	-	GROND 2.2m (23 mag@13.5 hr)
151216A	-	-	No det. (I-I4 days)	-
160101A	2 x I0 (4.5 hr)	~18 mag@4 hr	-	Fermi GBM, CALET, Konus
160102A	I-3 x I0 (3.9 hr)	-	No det. (I-3 days)	Konus-wind
160104B	-	-	Analyzing (I-18 days)	Konus-wind
160206A	l x l0 (l4 hr)	No det. (14 hr)	No det. (10 hr)	-
flux (erg s ⁻¹ cm ⁻²)			See also Negoro-san's talk	

GRB 151205C: Kikuchi, MT, and Tomo-e team , 2015, GCN Circ, 18677 GRB 160206A: Morokuma, Tominaga, MT+, 2016, GCN Circ, 19008

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Tomo-eでの全天サーベイで自然と??



Cann et al. 2011

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Tomo-e Gozen時代の超新星サーベイ

□より高い効率での広視野観測 □ 広視野化: 4 deg² ==> 20 deg² □ 短い読み出し時間: ~0 sec ロ サーベイ戦略(~18 mag) □ 全天 x [1時間 cadence] □ 3000 deg² x [15分 cadence] ロ大量 & 多様な超新星の"早期"発見 ~10 shock breakouts / 2 years □ ~60 superluminous supernovae / 2 years very nearby supernovae ロフォローアップ観測@日本&東アジア



KISS Summary

ロ 2012/04より開始、2015/09で終了

□ 1時間cadenceでの超高頻度超新星探査

□ 見かけ等級 g~20 mag, 距離 d~<200Mpc

口~1 shock breakout/3年

□ KISSでより詳細な物理的理解、すばる/HSCで遠方星形成史etc.

ロ これまで27 SNe/dwarf novaの同定+報告

ロデータ即時解析、国内外follow-up collaboration体制の整備

□ by-product: 超新星(Ibn型, IIn型), Ia型早期検出, radio-loud AGN □ KISSの財産で...

- □ 重力波電磁波対応天体同定へ
- □ MAXI transient可視光対応天体同定へ
- □ Tomo-e Gozenでの全天超新星サーベイ
- □ Subaru/HSCサーベイ